

Exercise 42

Calculate y' .

$$y = \frac{(x + \lambda)^4}{x^4 + \lambda^4}$$

Solution

Take the logarithm of both sides to simplify the right side.

$$\begin{aligned}\ln y &= \ln \frac{(x + \lambda)^4}{x^4 + \lambda^4} \\ &= \ln(x + \lambda)^4 - \ln(x^4 + \lambda^4) \\ &= 4 \ln(x + \lambda) - \ln(x^4 + \lambda^4)\end{aligned}$$

Take the derivative of both sides with respect to x .

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dx}(\ln y) &= \frac{d}{dx} [4 \ln(x + \lambda) - \ln(x^4 + \lambda^4)] \\ \frac{1}{y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} &= 4 \left[\frac{d}{dx} \ln(x + \lambda) \right] - \left[\frac{d}{dx} \ln(x^4 + \lambda^4) \right] \\ \frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} &= 4 \left(\frac{1}{x + \lambda} \right) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x + \lambda) - \left(\frac{1}{x^4 + \lambda^4} \right) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^4 + \lambda^4) \\ &= 4 \left(\frac{1}{x + \lambda} \right) \cdot (1) - \left(\frac{1}{x^4 + \lambda^4} \right) \cdot (4x^3) \\ &= \frac{4}{x + \lambda} - \frac{4x^3}{x^4 + \lambda^4} \\ &= \frac{4(x^4 + \lambda^4) - 4x^3(x + \lambda)}{(x + \lambda)(x^4 + \lambda^4)} \\ &= \frac{4\lambda^4 - 4x^3\lambda}{(x + \lambda)(x^4 + \lambda^4)} \\ &= \frac{4\lambda(\lambda^3 - x^3)}{(x + \lambda)(x^4 + \lambda^4)} \\ &= \frac{4\lambda(\lambda - x)(\lambda^2 + \lambda x + x^2)}{(x + \lambda)(x^4 + \lambda^4)}\end{aligned}$$

Multiply both sides by y .

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{4\lambda(\lambda - x)(\lambda^2 + \lambda x + x^2)}{(x + \lambda)(x^4 + \lambda^4)} y \\ &= \frac{4\lambda(\lambda - x)(\lambda^2 + \lambda x + x^2)}{(x + \lambda)(x^4 + \lambda^4)} \left[\frac{(x + \lambda)^4}{x^4 + \lambda^4} \right] \\ &= \frac{4\lambda(\lambda - x)(\lambda^2 + \lambda x + x^2)(x + \lambda)^3}{(x^4 + \lambda^4)^2}\end{aligned}$$